# Openness and the Ethics of Peer Engagement

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Session: Rethinking Peer Review

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## Working Definition of Openness

- accessibility of knowledge, technology, and other resources;
- transparency of action;
- permeability of organizational structures; and
- inclusiveness of participation

Schlagwein D, Conboy K, Feller J, Leimeister JM, Morgan L. (2017). "Openness with and without information technology: A framework and a brief history," *Journal of Information Technology* 32(4): 297–305. doi:10.1057/s41265-017-0049-3.















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**SHARE & PUBLISH** 

Image: Pinnock G. (2018). The research data management (RDM) lifecycle at the University of Cape Town (UCT). Retrieved from: https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:UCT RD M\_lifecycle\_(all\_icons).svg

## Importance of Openness in Scholarly Communication



- Openness at every stage (but one!)
  - Lab discussions
  - Writing and editing
  - Preprints
  - Conference presentations
  - Post-publication comments
- Value of open exchange: Open exchange of ideas accelerates knowledge and improves research quality

## The one exception?

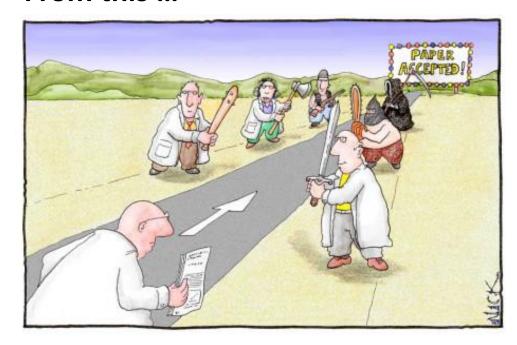
### **Peer Review Process**



Retrieved from: https://authorservices.wiley.com/Reviewers/journal-reviewers/what-is-peer-review/the-peer-review-process.html

## Most suggestions for improvement?

#### From this ...

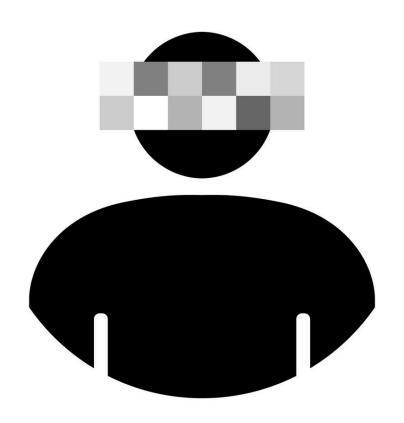


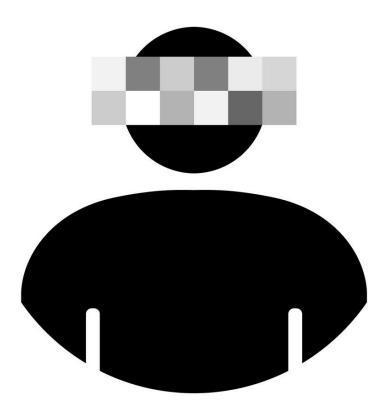
Most scientists regarded the new streamlined peer-review process as 'quite an improvement.'

#### ... to this



## The real problem? Anonymity!







"[O]ne cannot help but wonder about the logic of correcting for the abuses of anonymity on one side of a conversation by establishing anonymity on the other, creating further barriers between peers rather than encouraging open, effective, productive discussion of intellectual issues."

Kathleen Fitzpatrick on double-anonymous review

Fitzpatrick K. (2011). Planned Obsolescence: Publishing, Technology, and the Future of the Academy. New York University Press. p. 29.



## Collaboration, not gatekeeping

Peer review should be collaborative process that helps refine research, rather than simply a means of limiting what gets published

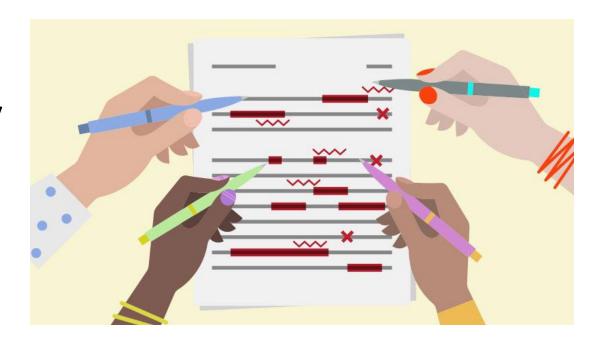




Image: Millward J. (2024). Types of peer review: A guide to different forms of publishing your research. Retrieved from: https://medium.com/@jkmillward/navigating-the-academic-publishing-landscape-peer-review-open-access-and-the-battle-against-b983b3f558eb.

# Ethical Imperatives for Open and Transparent Review

## Open Dialog Among Authors, Reviewers, Editors, and Scholarly Community



- Transparent interactions in which authors, reviewers, and editors engage constructively and feedback process is visible to broader community
- Collaborative improvement of research quality
- Development of culture of continuous scholarly communication

## Peer Engagement as Scholarship

- Peer interaction starts not only long before publication, but continues long after it through ongoing feedback from colleagues, whether in person or online
- Thoughtful, substantive reviews and critiques are themselves intellectual and scholarly contributions and should be valued as such, not simply be invisible service



### Call to Action

Long past time to adopt more open, collaborative, and rewarding system for peer engagement by opening that last black box!

Let's discuss what that would take!

